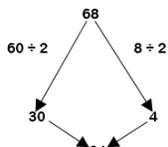
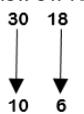
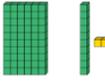
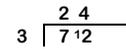
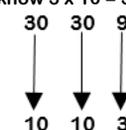
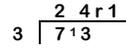
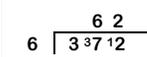


John Randall Primary School and Nursery
Division Key Stage 2 Calculation Policy

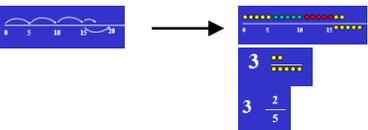


<p>KS1</p> <p>Appendix 2: Pupil target grids</p>	<p>KS1</p> <p>Noticing how counting in multiples of 2, 5 and 10 relates to the number of groups you have counted (introducing times tables) links to division.</p> <p>An understanding of the more you share between, the less each person will get (e.g. would you prefer to share these grapes between 2 people or 3 people? Why?).</p> <p>Secure understanding of grouping means you count the number of groups you have made. Whereas sharing means you count the number of objects in each group.</p>	
<p>Year</p>	<p>3</p>	<p>4</p>
<p>Layers of vocabulary</p>  <p>Appendix 1a Beck's Tiers of Vocabulary</p> <p>Appendix 1b: Vocabulary book</p>	<p>Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers): share, share equally one each, two each, three each... group in pairs, threes... tens equal groups of \div, divide, division, divided by, divided into left, left over, remainder</p> <p>Instructional vocabulary: calculate, work out, solve, investigate question, answer, check</p> <p>Language of tests and questions estimate, write....in order, complete, circle, estimate, tick, draw, draw two, draw the arrow, show your working, use the, complete, shade, write in, true or false, tick two, circle all, use a ruler, write a possible, What numbers could be...? How many are left? What is? How many? What number...? What is next? Which of these...?</p>	<p>Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers): share, share equally one each, two each, three each... group in pairs, threes... tens equal groups of \div, divide, division, divided by, divided into left, left over, remainder, dividend, divisor</p> <p>Instructional vocabulary: calculate, work out, solve, investigate question, answer, check</p> <p>Language of tests and questions write, order, complete, draw three, write....in the boxes, show your working, use the method, write the missing, shade, write in order, tick, write your answer as..., write the letter (can be used more than once), describe, write one word, write your answer in, match, to make...you need, draw four, on which, calculate, write these numbers, use the coordinates to draw, estimate, in each box, write these values, circle the best, complete the table, round each number, draw one line, circle all, tick three, plot, check, How many? What is? How much...? What number...? Who takes...?</p>
<p>NC 2014</p>	<p>Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including 2 digit numbers times 1 digit numbers progressing to formal written methods.</p>	<p>Practise to become fluent in the formal written method of short division with exact answers (see Mathematics Appendix 1).</p>

Developing Conceptual/ Procedural Understanding	<p>Links to tables</p>  <p>For example, use language of division linked to tables using counting stick</p> <p>Using known facts If $3 \times 2 = 6$, then $30 \times 2 = 60$, $60 \div 3 = 20$ and $30 = 60 \div 2$.</p> <p>Partitioning strategy to halve Halve 68</p>  <p>Rearranging the dividend to find multiples of the divisor. $48 \div 3 =$ 'What do I know about the 3 x tables?' 'I know $3 \times 10 = 30$ and $3 \times 6 = 18$.'</p>  <p>$48 \div 3 = 16$</p>	<p>Place value materials to represent calculations Place value counters to build the dividend.</p> <p>$72 \div 3 =$</p>  <p>72 is made up of 60 and 12 using multiples of 3.</p>  <p>$60 \div 3 = 20$ $12 \div 3 = 4$</p> <p>Short division $72 \div 3 =$</p>  <p>'72 divided by 3. 7 tens shared equally between 3 is 2 with a remainder of 1 ten. Exchange the 1 ten for 10 units. I now have 12 units which shared equally between 3 is 4. The answer is 24.'</p> <p>Representing problems Andy says 'I can use my three times table to work out $180 \div 3$'. Explain what Andy could do to work out this calculation.</p>	<p>Links to tables</p>  <p>For example, use language of division linked to tables using counting stick</p> <p>Using known facts If $2 \times 3 = 6$ then $200 \times 3 = 600$ and $600 \div 3 = 200$</p> <p>Rearranging the dividend to find multiples of the divisor. $69 \div 3 =$ 'What do I know about the 3 x tables?' 'I know $3 \times 10 = 30$ and $3 \times 3 = 9$.'</p>  <p>$69 \div 3 = 23$</p> 	<p>Place value materials to represent calculations</p> <p>Short division $372 \div 6 =$</p>  <p>'372 divided by 6. 3 hundreds cannot be shared equally between 6, so exchange the hundreds for 30 tens. I now have 37 tens which shared equally between 6 is 6 with a remainder of 1 ten. Exchange the ten for 10 units. I now have 12 units which shared equally between 6 is 2. The answer is 62.'</p> <p>Representing problems – Questioning for greater depth Alan says that the solution to $186 \div 4$ can be written as '46 remainder 2' or as '46.5'. Do you agree? Explain your answer.</p>
	Known facts	Recall and use \times and \div facts for the 3, 4 and 8 x tables.	Recall \times and \div facts for x tables up to 12×12 .	

Essential knowledge	Review division facts (2 x, 5 x and 10 x tables)	Halve 2 digit numbers	Division facts (4x and 8x tables)	10x smaller
	Division facts (4 x table)	Division facts (3 x table)	Division facts (3 x, 6 x and 12 x tables)	Halve larger numbers and decimals
	Division facts (8 x table)	Division facts (6 x table)	Division facts (3 x and 9 x tables)	Division facts (11 x and 7 x tables)

Year	5	6
<p>Layers of vocabulary</p>  <p>Appendix 1a Beck's Tiers of Vocabulary Appendix 1b: Vocabulary book</p>	<p>Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers): equal groups of, divide, division, divided by, divided into, remainder, factor, quotient, divisible by inverse</p> <p>Instructional vocabulary: calculate, work out, solve, investigate, question, answer, check, same, different missing number/s, number facts, number pairs, number bonds, greatest value, least value</p> <p>Language of tests and questions complete the sequence, circle the same as, draw four lines, circle the, circle the number that is not, circle two, circle two, write yes or no to a statement, circle all, write the, write the missing, circle the incorrect, show your method, show your working, circle three, by how much, calculate, estimate, shade, write the missing, use the diagram, complete the table, circle the number that is both, write a, b, c, d, label, true or false, order, draw a line, write the missing digits, circle true and false, tick two, What number is? Which is the closest? Which one of these must also...? Who gets the most...? What is the total number?</p>	<p>Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers): equal groups of, divide, division, divided by, divided into, remainder, factor, quotient, divisible by inverse, remainders as fractions or decimals</p> <p>Instructional vocabulary: calculate, work out, solve, investigate, question, answer, check, same, different missing number/s, number facts, number pairs, number bonds, greatest value, least value</p> <p>Language of tests and questions write three, complete, draw the, explain why, what are, write each number, show your method, tick the, calculate, increase by, complete the tables, circle all, calculate, What was the...? What is the difference? Which expression? How much? What is? What could? What number is? Which of these...?</p>
<p>NC 2014</p>	<p>Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 1 digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context (as remainders, as fractions, as decimals or by rounding, e.g. $98 \div 4 = 24 \text{ r}2 = 24 \frac{1}{2} = 24.5 \approx 25$).</p> <p>Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes. Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign. Solve problems involving multiplication and division including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.</p>	<p>Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2 digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate to the context.</p> <p>Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2 digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context.</p> <p>Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division.</p>

<p>Developing Conceptual/ Procedural Understanding</p>	<p>Using known facts If $6 \div 2 = 3$ then $6000 \div 2 = 3000$ and $6000 \div 20 = 300$</p> <p>Place value materials to represent calculations</p> <p>$483 \div 7 =$</p>  <p>Short division $483 \div 7 =$</p> $\begin{array}{r} 069r1 \\ 7 \overline{) 4864} \end{array}$ <p>"484 divided by 7. 4 hundreds cannot be shared equally between 7, so exchange the hundreds for 40 tens. I now have 48 tens which shared equally between 7 is 6 with a remainder of 6 tens. Exchange the 6 tens for 60 units, we now have 64 units. 64 shared equally between 7 equals 9 remainder 1. The answer is 69 r1."</p>	<p>Interpreting remainders $17 \div 5$ "What do I know? 17 is not a multiple of 5."</p>  <p>$3 \frac{2}{5} = 3.4$</p> <p>From knowledge of decimal/fraction equivalents or by converting $\frac{2}{5}$ into $\frac{4}{10}$.</p> <p>Examples:</p>  <p>$581 \div 7 =$</p> <p>$581 \div 7$ could be calculated by the formal written method of short division or it could be calculated by rearranging the dividend, using known facts, into 560 and 21.</p> <p>Representing problems Correct the errors in the calculation below. Explain the error. $266 \div 5 = 73.1$</p> $\begin{array}{r} 073r1 \\ 5 \overline{) 2661} \end{array}$	<p>Using known facts If $6 \div 2 = 3$ then $6 \div 0.2 = 30$ and $6 \div 0.02 = 300$</p> <p>Short division $97.6 \div 5 =$</p> $\begin{array}{r} 19.52 \\ 5 \overline{) 97.60} \end{array}$ <p>"97.6 divided by 5. 9 tens shared equally between 5 is 1 with a remainder of 4 tens. Exchange the ten for 10 units. I now have 47 units which shared equally between 5 is 9 with a remainder of 2 units. Exchange the 2 units for 20 tenths, we now have 26 tenths. 26 shared equally between 5 equals 5 with a remainder of 1 tenth. Extend the dividend with a 0 in the hundredths column. Exchange the tenth for 10 hundredths. 10 shared equally between 5 equals 2. The answer is 19.52."</p> <p>Long division (thinking not generally recorded) $384 \div 16$</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1165 673 1291 787"> <tr><td>1</td><td>16</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>32</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>64</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>80</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>128</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>160</td></tr> </table> <p>"What do I know about the divisor?" Record partial tables.</p> $\begin{array}{r} 24 \\ 16 \overline{) 384} \\ \underline{-32} \\ 64 \\ \underline{-64} \\ 0 \end{array}$ <p>(38 tens $\div 16 = 2$ r6; $2 \times 16 = 32$) (bring the 4 down) (64 units $\div 16 = 4$) (no remainder)</p>	1	16	2	32	4	64	5	80	8	128	10	160	 <p>With questions of this type where the divisor is close to a number linked to the times tables, encourage the children to use known facts and adjustment to set up the partial tables.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1554 397 1806 560"> <tr><td></td><td>60</td><td>Adjust →</td><td>59</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>120</td><td></td><td>118</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>240</td><td></td><td>236</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>300</td><td></td><td>295</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>480</td><td></td><td>472</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>600</td><td></td><td>590</td></tr> </table> $\begin{array}{r} 14.6 \\ 35 \overline{) 511.0} \\ \underline{35} \\ 16 \\ \underline{14} \\ 21 \\ \underline{21} \\ 0 \end{array}$ <p>Factorising - 35 can be divided by 5 and 7.</p> <p>Representing problems Megan divides 500 by 8 and gets the answer 62r4. She re writes it as $62 \frac{1}{2}$. Is she right? Explain your answer.</p>		60	Adjust →	59		120		118		240		236		300		295		480		472		600		590
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<p>Known facts</p>	<p>Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers. Recall prime numbers up to 19.</p>		<p>Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers.</p>																																					
<p>Essential knowledge</p>	<p>Division facts (4 x and 8 x tables)</p>	<p>100, 1000 times smaller</p>	<p>Division facts up to 12×12</p>	<p>Halve larger numbers and decimals</p>																																				
<p></p>	<p>Division facts (3 x, 6 x and 12 x tables; 3 x and 9 x tables)</p>	<p>Partition to divide mentally</p>	<p>Apply place value to derive division facts, e.g. $12 \div 3 = 4$ so $1.2 \div 3 = 0.4$</p>	<p>Partition to divide mentally including decimals</p>																																				
<p></p>	<p>Division facts (11 x and 7 x tables)</p>	<p>Halve larger numbers and decimals</p>	<p>Test divisibility</p>	<p></p>																																				
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